Jonas, Joan, and Joan Simon. "Mirage." In In the Shadow a Shadow: The Work of Joan Jonas, edited by Joan Simon and Joan Jonas, 216–17. New York: Gregory R. Miller & Co., 2015.

Mirage, 1976

Performance with film projections and pre-recorded video

- ► Anthology Film Archives, New York, 1976. Performers: Joan Jonas, Christina Patoski
- ► Institute of Contemporary Art, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, December 3, 1976. Performers: Joan Jonas, Jane Savitt
- ► Akademie der Künste, Berlin, 1976. Performers: Joan Jonas, Tabea Blumenschein.
- ► Theatre Vanguard, Los Angeles, 1977. Performer: Joan Jonas.
- ► Documenta 6, Kassel, Germany, 1977. Performer: Joan Jonas, assisted by Jane Crawford.
- ▶ India America Festival of Music and Dance, Sala Borromini, Rome, sponsored by Galleria l'Attico, 1977. Performers: Joan Jonas. Rosella Or.
- ▶ Salle Patiño, Geneva, 1977. Performer: Joan Jonas.
- ► Kunsthalle, Basel, February 1, 1978. Performer: Joan Jonas.
- ▶ Joan Jonas: Performance/Video/ Installation, University Art Museum, Berkeley, 1980. Performer: Joan Jonas, assisted by Elsie Ritchie.

See pp. 218–25 for script. For related independent videos, see Good Night Good Morning (1976); May Windows (1976); Mirage (also known as Mirage I, 1976); Car Tape (1976); and untitled volcano footage.

Mirage, 1976/1994/2005 Multi-media installation: see pp. 228–29

## Mirage

Mirage [1976] was made after a trip to India (an underlying influence) and was the last of the black-and-white series. It was designed specifically for the screening room of Anthology Film Archives, New York, where I had spent hundreds of hours viewing films. There was no live video, only pre-recorded tape and 16mm film. The film of drawing with chalk and erasing on the blackboard was a series of images from past and present pieces—a heart that looked like a bug, signs for a storm, a rainbow, and mirror reflection, all to be read as a kind of sentence with no fixed meaning. For me, they represent signs of change, the way of the heart, for instance.

There was also a five-minute documentary loop of volcanoes erupting, and a film shot off the monitor of a television turned on its side with the vertical roll bar switching from right to left. My action of repeatedly stepping through a small wooden hoop was broken by the vertical bar. Rhythms were syncopated. The metal cones developed from the paper cones of Funnel [1974]. In Mirage they were used to funnel sound in various ways, to look through, and simply as sculptural objects to move, to rearrange. It is because of the form of the cones that I chose to use the film of different volcanoes erupting. Mirage is partly about transformations of energy, about ritual and game-playing to facilitate movement in time and space. The videotapes Good Night Good Morning and May Windows [both 1976] were part of Mirage.

In 1994 for a show at the Stedelijk Museum I made an installation of Mirage that included fragments of videos that had been included in the original performance. In the latest version for a double projection at Dia [Center for the Arts] in Chelsea, New York, in 2000, I showed the entire film of drawing on a chalkboard (Mirage I, 1976). Its original edited projected version in the performance was about ten minutes. This uncut version consists of thirty minutes of unedited footage of one drawing after another. They are drawn and erased. For the second projection [Mirage II, 1976–2000], next to Mirage I, I edited some newly discovered old footage from around the time when Mirage was made to make a thirty-minute video loop that is a combination of old performances, more chalk drawings, and footage shot off the television in the 1970s.

There are fragments in which tin cones and paper cones are used indoors to sing through (with James Nares) and in various other ways outdoors (in night street actions with Pat Steir). Side by side the two projected loops are each altered by the other. This is a new version of Mirage. In the next version I will add additional layers from the original. This ongoing revision is, for me, appropriate to Mirage. It is, perhaps, the one work from the 1970s that I could continue to refashion.—Stuttgart, 2001

Mirage [1976] developed from working at the Anthology Film Archives on Twilight (1975). In Mirage, the nine-foot metal cones that I designed and had fabricated in a metal shop



Jonas performing in Mirage (1976), Anthology Film Archives, New York, 1976. Photo: Copyright @ 1976 Babette Mangolte, all rights of reproduction reserved.

were based on the paper cones in Funnel. There were at least six of these metal cones used in Mirage, all, except for one, used behind the film projection screen, visible when the screen was lit from behind. You could see through the screen. The cone in front of the screen, on and off the table, was the major prop in my sequence of actions. After the first performances of Mirage at Anthology, actions were put in a different order. The hopscotch drawing, for example, finally came directly before the volcano film projection. The sequence made more sense this way. What is interesting about Mirage is that everything in it, except for the volcano film and the car film, is distributed by EAI. The volcano film was obtained from a stock house."—JJ

When Jonas performed Mirage at the Anthology Film Archives in 1976, she used a proscenium platform, where, facing the 16mm film projection of Volcano Film and with her back to the audience, she created and then erased chalk drawings underfoot (the pattern of a hopscotch court). Between black velvet curtains, the projected black-and-white silent 16mm film was a montage of clips that Jonas had created or found. Among her props were six nine-foot metal cones, one of which she used as a megaphone and in other ways manipulated as a sculptural element; a small wood hoop she stepped through repeatedly; and a video monitor that served to present her tapes—Good Night Good Morning, Car Tape, and May Windows—while also functioning as part of the stage set itself, as a stool on which Jonas knelt. As Mirage was performed in different venues, Jonas made "minor changes," as she calls them, in her performances, such as "the pace being faster or slower" or "adding or subtracting props."

The installations, by contrast, vary considerably from the work's initial presentation in 1994 until its final form in 2005. The first installation of *Mirage* was shown at the Stedelijk Museum, Amsterdam, in 1994, where its elements included one projection (film transferred to video, with different moving picture works cut together), one monitor (playing the *Good Night Good Morning*), six metal cones, photographs, and objects including a blackboard, mask, hoop, and a slide show. Though the artist "changed the installation a little bit" for her Galerie der Stadt, Stuttgart, show in 2000, her final revision was for the 2005 installation of the work at Yvon Lambert, where there were two stages. The first was "on legs, as in the performance, above which were double projections of *Mirage I* and *Mirage II*, and on this stage was the Mexican mask, hoops, and a tin cone. A second stage [was] at ground level, a little larger, on which the hopscotch was drawn in chalk and above which was projected *Volcano Film*. Three monitors, turned on their sides, played *Good Night Good Morning, May Windows*, and *Car Tape*." This is the version acquired by the Museum of Modern Art, New York.—JS